It Came Suddenly and Without Warn-lag A Town Deluged. The King of Cores the Object of a Deadly

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 5 .- Advices received by the steamer Rio de Janeiro say that the town of Tsin Li Chow, not far from Nanking, on the Yangtze-Kiang, was, during the first week of December, visited by a cloud-burst which resulted in drowning 100 people and in the destruction of much ship ping. The morning broke bright and clear on the day of the disaster, but about 10 o'clock there were suddenly heard noises like the rushing of waters, and two large black clouds rose rapidly from the horizon, spread-ing as they progressed and enveloping everything in a dense fog and shutting out the simlight. The water in the river became black and turbulent. Presently clouds burst asunder with a tremendous report and the town was deluged with water. In addition to the 100 people drowned fifty more were rescued by a Chinese life saving corps, in an exhausted condition. The corps, in an exhausted condition. The greatest losses were on the river, where hundreds of boats were either totally wrecked or badly damaged. The heavy fall of water also occasioned the caving-in of a long stretch of the river bank.

It is said that Li Hung Chang contemplates the introduction of silver coinage in China.

CONSPIRATORS IN COREA.

There is a widespread belief among the people of Corea that the present dynasty's reign is drawing to an end. A conspiracy, having for its object the assassination of the present King, extends throughout the peninsula, and many high officials are implicated. The conspiracy is in the interests of a family named Ko.

named Ko.

The Deutsche Asiatische Bank, with a capital of 5,000,000 taens, has commenced business in Shaughai.

In South Formosa there is much disconfent caused by the levying of the land fax and the general neglect of that portion of the island.

A TERRIBLE EARTH QUARE. Advices by steamer from Yokohoma state that a violent earthquake occurred at Nagono January 7 and that several houses were destroyed. Nothing official has yet been made public respecting the steps which are to be taken in regard to the attempt at treaty revision. It is rumored that the Government has not yet decided on a policy; but it is also stated that the minister of the Foreign Department, Viscount Acki, has opened negotiations with England again. The policy of handing over government railways to handing over government railways to private individuals, which the late government seemed likely to carry out, will be reversed by the present govern-ment. It is promised that a reciprocity treaty between Corea and Japan will be

A NOBLE TYRANT.

Legitimizing Cambridge's Sons Causes Much Unfavorable Gossip. LONDON, Feb. 5.—It is regarded as certain that the bill to legitimize the three sons of the Duke of Cambridge

will soon come up in Parliament and clubmen are offering odds that it will pass. This will be viewed in the light of a graceful compliment to the Com-mander in Chief of her Majesty's forces on the occasion of his retirement from the exalted position which he has held

A silent thanksgiving will go up from the officers of the army, who have suffered, many of them for the better part of a lifetime, from the pig-headed obstinacy and whimsicalities of the autocratic Duke, against whose flat as the Queen's While in active operations the officers were freed from his meddling, greatly to their and the nation's relief. But a to their and the nation's relief. But at home they lived in constant dread of his orders, issued almost daily and often hopelessly contradictory in their nature. He was particularly strong in regard to uniforms, as the poorer officers knew to their cost, and some of his pet designs were so astounding that Cabinet Ministers have several times been compelled to interfere to prevent their adoption.

The sons, if Parliament in its wisdom shall designs them legitimate, will be

shall declare them legitimate, will be nominally princes of the blood, and it is understood that the Prince of Wales and his brethren, whose status is so assured, are not averse to their recogniassured, are not averse to their recogni-tion. There will be more or less bitter opposition from the left wing of Par-liament, in the course of which some disagreeable truths will be told, but it is a fact that some of the Radicals are in favor of practically cheapening roy-

POSTMASTER MOORMAN'S CRIME.

Me Mills a Man on the Day on Which COLUMBIA, S. C., Feb. 5.-Robert Moorman, who was confirmed vesterday by the United States Senate postmaster at Newberry, S. C., Monday shot and killed Lee Schultze, a well-known railroad contractor, at Fish Dam, S. C. Moorman had been employed by Schultze as time-keeper, and recently they had a disagreement about the set-tlement of accounts, which resulted in a law suit. A few days ago Schultze challenged Moorman to fight a duel, but

nothing was afterward heard of the challenge. Yesterday the two men met at Fish Dam and began to talk the matter over. Hot words were exchanged and Moor-man finally drew a pistol and cursed chultze. The latter made a motion as to draw his pistol. Moorman shot m in the mouth. Schultze cried, 'Oh,

him in the mouth. Schultze cried, "Oh, God!" and fell dead.

Moorman delivered himself up to a trial justice and is now in jail. He is a Republican and is very unpopular in the community. Schultze was quite wealthy and had many friends.

A WOMAN'S TRAGIC END.

The Paris Detectives Puzzled Over

Mysterious Murder. [Special to The Philadelphia Times.] Paris, Feb. 4.-About 1 o'clock on Sunday morning two policemen on their beat in the Rue Pre Aux Clercs noticed the door of No. 4 standing open. It gives access to a court, where Mme. Barroy, a widow 80 years of age, keeps a number of handcarts for hire and out of which she makes a living. On entering the court the officers found the door of the room in which Mme. Barroy lives was also open, and inside of it they found the old woman lying

All the drawers and cupboards in the room had been broken open and ran-sacked. This was sufficient to convince Commissioner of Police Prelat who was at once sent for, that the old woman had been murdered. The mur-dered woman was supposed by her

on her bed dead, with a pillow over her

neighbors to have amassed a comfortable little fortune by industry and

economy.

This latter virtue she carried to excess and had frequent quarrels with her only son, a middle-aged man, whom she had set up in the same line of business as herself in another part of town, but who often had recourse to her to get him out of pecuniary difficulties. Barroy was at once sent for, and, on being apprised of his mother's death, showed no signs of astonishment.

He admitted having dined with his mother on the eva of the murder, but said he quitted her at 10 o'clock. He accused a young man named Macra,

said be quitted her at 10 o'clock. He accused a young man named Macra, who was often employed by the deceased to do odd jobs, of having committed the crime. Macra was arrested, but furnished an incontrovertible allil. The suspicions of the police are now turned to Barroy himself, though-there

turned to Barroy himself, though there are as yet no material proofs of his guilt. He has been arrested and was this morning taken to the morgue and confronted with the corpse of his supposed victim. He threw himself on his knees beside the body and kissed the cold face repeatedly, exclaiming with tears running down his face, "Ma pawers grare."

The post-mortem examination showed that she suffered from pericard. It is

The post-mortem examination showed that she suffered from pericard. It is thought likely that Barroy's visit to his mother on the evening of the murder was prompted by a desire to obtain from her money to pay some pressing debts, and the old woman refusing to help him, a quarrel ensued, resulting in Mme. Barroys falling in a fit, which, with her disease, caused death.

DEPUTY SHERIFFS ON GUARD. Guarding Michigan Mises Against 150

NEGAUNEE, MICH., Feb. 5.—There are 150 miners on a strike at the Volunteer Mine, near here, and fifty deputy sheriffs, with rifles, are guarding the mine, against which several attacks have been made. The men struck for an increase from \$1.65 to \$2 per day. They are very threatening in their de-

SLASHING WITH KNIVES.

Colored Men Fight Until Exhausted at the Westchester Race Track, New York, Feb. 5.—A duel with knives was fought at 8 o'clock on Sunday evening at Morris Park by John Neel, a colored man in the employ of Charles Reed, and John Walker, a half-brother of William Walker, the half-brother of William Walker, the jockey who rode Ten Broeck in all his record-breaking performances. The men quarreled in front of Mr. Reed's kitchen, and in a twinkling both had whipped knives from their pickets and were slashing right and left.

Although the knives were of the regulation pattern, so desperate was the fighting that in a minute both had broken the blades of the weapons. Even then they did not desist, but con-

Even then they did not desist, but con tinued stabbing and thrusting with the stumps, until, exhausted by the loss of blood, both fell to the ground. Walker's throat was slashed horribly,

Walker's throat was slashed horribly, and it was feared at first that he would not live. He refused to take chloroform and pluckily told the surgeon to sew up his neck, that he was not going to die yet. The surgeon extracted a piece of the blade of the knife over an inch and a half in length from the top of Noel's head. Each was badly cut about the shoulders arms and hands. the shoulders, arms and hands.

Noel is a rubber in Charles Reed's Tennessee stable, and is said to be a bad man when in a temper. All the trainers and helpers at Westchester hope that it will be a long time before such another affray takes place at that popu-

TROUBLE OVER "GREEN GOODS."

A Kentucky Postmaster Gets the "Drop" on Bogus Money Dealers. comb, the postmaster at Alden, Jackson County, Ky., fired a pistol shot at a green goods man in the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's ferry-house in Jer-sey City yesterday, but failed to hit his man. At the second attempt his pistol missed fire. Lewis 3. Holcomb, a missed fire. Lewis A Holcomb, a brother of the postmaster, received one of the swindlers' circulars. The recip-ient was instructed not to answer by mail, but to reply by wire. This was done and the Holcomb brothers arrived yesterday morning and met the green goods swindlers in this city, where the police would not divulge. They were shown and examined the goods. The

shown and examined the goods. The postmaster, who boasted that he is an expert in detecting counterfeits, after closely inspecting the bills, declared "they will go down my way."

Of course geniume bills were shown. They purchased \$10,000 worth of the alleged (counterfeits for \$750. The bundle of bills was placed in a box, which was sealed, and the dupes paid the target for the Postmaster's pistol practice \$5 to carry the box to the Jersey City depot. They wanted to take the first train home and were enjoined not to open the box until they reached Kentucky, where they would avoid detection. On reaching the waiting room at the Pennsylvania depot in Jersey City the box was delivered. Lewis Holcomb could no longer restrain his curiosity and he went to the gentlemen's room to open the box.

men's room to open the box.

The green goods man made a rush for the door and the postmaster followed him. The prisoner explained that he pursued the fellow "because." said he, "I knew he must be a swindler, as no houest man would run I would have killed him, too, officer,' he said to the chief. "I was close to him and had a good bead on his head,

but the cartridge missed."

"It's a pity you hadn't; then we would have been rid of a fraud and have hanged a fooi," was the chief's

reply.

Postmaster Holcomb, who is 32 years old, is held. The swindler escaped.

Will Try to Lyach a Young Farmer BRIDGEPORT, ILL., Feb. 5 .-- Word was received here yesterday that Thomas Palmer, a wealthy young farmer, wanted for the murder of Officer Boppe at Summer, Ill., December 20, has been arrested at Kansas City. There is intense feeling at Summer over the murder, and threats of lynching Palmer have been made. Parties from near where Boppe lived were busy vesterday trying to ascertain were busy yesterday trying to accertain when the prisoner will arrive and whether the train will stop at Sumner.

The Illinois Wreck. PEORIA, ILL., Feb. 5.-Although a force of 200 men with wreck-clearing apparatus worked all day yesterday at the wreck at the fallen bridge, the bodies of Engineer Neville, Fireman O'Brien and Brakeman Lewis were not ecovered and are still wedged in the Renewed efforts will be made to day to remove them.

case of obstinate catarrh or influenza, and very difficult to remove it unless one uses Old Saul's Catarrh Cure, a simple but effectual remedy. Only 25 cents.

"50" 40' or fight." See "War" Robert-son's advertisement in The SUNDAY CAP-You can order THE CRITIC by postalcard-lt will be sent to your address every even, ing for 35 cents.

MILITIAMEN IN SESSION.

MEETING OF THE NATIONAL GUARD ASSOCIATION THIS MORNING.

Discussing the Question of Citizen Sol-diary Participating in the Practice Maneuvers of the Regular Army— President Wingate's Address.

Eighty-two delegates, representing twenty five States, two Territories and the District of Columbia, assembled in tes room of Willard's Rotel morning for the purpose of attending the meeting of the National Guards' Association of the United States. General Wingate of New York, the president of the association, presided, and, after calling the meeting to order at 10 o'clock, stated the object of the meeting in his opening

GENERAL WINGATE'S ADDRESS. After referring to the opposition, the apathy and the indifference with which the National Guard had had to contend for years, General Wingate said that a decided change, had taken place, and since the last convention in 1885 they had been able to induce Congress to increase the annual appropriation for the militia from \$200,000 to \$400,000. He next referred at length to the importance of the National Guard, and the great service it has rendered to the country. It the National Guard, and the great ser-vice it has rendered to the country. It was a reproach to our system of gov-ernment that men who, without com-pensation, leave their families and busi-ness at the call of duty, and endure wounds and even death, should be treated with the coldness and indiffer-ence which is their usual reward.

reated with the coldness and indifference which is their usual reward.

He believed that if a wise, conservative course be adopted there is but little doubt that important reforms can be accomplished at the present session of Congress. In conclusion, he said:

We must not forget, gentlemen, that our meeting upon this occasion is not entirely to discuss questions of Congressional legislation. We are here to learn from the experiences of the different States everything that we can, that will tend to slevate the National Guard of all. With true American enterprise the bright, energatic officers of the different States, not tied to precedent, but able to know a good thing when they see it, are constantly trying new methods, and frequently with brilliant results.

Now is the time and place for us to hear from them, and I have no doubt that the discussions upon the subjects that have been proposed will be of substantial value in our attempts to bring the National stuard of the entire country into such an efficient condition that both the States and the nation may rely upon it with confidence as a safe protector in time of need.

GENERAL ORDWAY'S MOTION. A motion by General Ordway of the District of Columbia to appoint a committee of five to examine and recommend any changes deemed necessary in the Henderson bill, gave rise to a long and animated discussion. An amendment by Gen. Burchard of Wisconsin, to increase the committee to five was to increase the committee to five was lost. General Dalton of Massachusetts offered an amendment that the com-mittee consist of one delegate from a number of speeches for and a number of speeches for and against this measure, the amendment was lost, and General Ordway's motion prevailed. The chair then appointed the following committee: General Ord-District of Columbia; Colonel Illinois; General Porter, New York: General Hastings, Pennsylvania, and Colonel Jones, Alabama.

GENERAL PECK RISES.

Adjutant-General T. S. Peck of Vermont moved that an invitation be extended to the President and Vice-President, the Secretaries of War and the Navy, the Chief of Ordnance, the Quartermaster-General of the Army, and the ar course.

Governors of the States who may be in the city to attend the meeting of the association, and that they also be elected honorary members. Carried.

New York, Feb. 5.—John E. Holcomb, the postmaster at Alden, Jackcomb, the postmaster at Alden, Jacktermster-General of the Army, and the Governors of the States who may be in the city to attend the meeting of the association, and that they also be elected honorary members. Carried.

Another motion by General Peck who understand the question will say to the contrary. In point of fact which was adopted was one inviting all officers of the U. S. Army and the lock were passed in the fight over a code? I think not, and I am sure that none who understand the question will be disposed of before the question of adopting a code of rules is taken up, even though the Committee on Rules is in the city to attend the meetings of the

association. THE HENDERSON BILL General Rogers called attention to the fact that there were before Congress two bills of great interest to national guardsmen in addition to the Henderson bill, namely a bill to define and establish a sea-coast reserve and one regarding appointments to the army from civil life. He moved that both of these be referred to the Com-mittee on Legislation. Carried. On motion of General Anthony of South Carolina the following com-

South Carolina the following comnittee of five was appointed to nominate officers: Generals Glenn, North
Carolina: Peck, Vermont: Kenny,
Delaware: Cole, Nebraska, and Colonel
Cowper, New York.

General Maury of North Carolina
moved that a resolution of condolence
in his recent bereavement be forwarded
to Secretary Tracy. This was unanimously adopted.

TOPICS DISCUSSED.

imously adopted.

Topics discussion, as announced in the call for the meeting, was then taken up. It is as follows:

"Assuming that Congress passes the bill providing for volunteers from the militia participating in the annual practice rules of the army, how many men would be likely to volunteer from your State? What method would you recommend to select and organize ecommend to select and organize

Col. Jones, Alabama, said there was great indifference regarding the question in his State, and it would be a most impossible to get any respectable number to volunteer.

Major Burnett, Connecticut, said the matter had not been canvassed in his State, but he thought, no doubt, five companies could be got together for a

national encampment.

Adjutant General Kenny, Delaware, said that out of the 600 or 800 militiamen in his State it was safe to say that 100 men might be found to volunteer for this service. The great diffi-culty was that most of them would find it difficult to leave their employment. Colonel Curtis said Montana would be always ready to furnish its full quota. General Vance, Illinois, thought his State would probably furnish a much larger number of volunteers than its

Colonel Turner, Illinois, stated that Golonel Turner, Illinois, stated that 90 per cent of the Illinois militiamen would be ready to answer to the call.

General Gleason, Iowa, spoke to the same effect regarding his State, and Colonel Spencer added that a whole battallon was now ready to go.

Colonel Roberts reported that 25 per

Colonel Roberts reported that 25 per cent. of the Kansas National Guard would be glad of the opportunity to go into the field. to the field. Colonel Gillespie said that Louisiana was in the same position as Alabama

and Delaware. General Douglas of Maryland was of opinion that it would be preferable to have four camps for the different sections of the country instead of one.

Colonel Cole reported that at least 15 per cout. of the Nebraska milita would

volunteer, even if it were necessary to go east of the Mississippi.

Colonel A. G. Aglin, New Hamp-shire, said twenty-five per cent. of his State would volunteer. He thought the selection of the men should be left to

it was difficult for the young men of his State to get away, yet he thought it might be able to furnish its quota. Adjutant-General Hastings of Penn-sylvania thought only the best officers and men should be selected for this

service; thus making it a sort of Adjutant General Peck, Vermont, would prefer to have several camps instead of one, as the question of transportation was important.

Major C. A. Nash thought the regular Army should come to the National Guard instead of the National Guard

going to the regular Army.

General Burchard, Wisconsin, said that from all information received to date be thought that if the bill should become a law Wisconsin would furnish

There were several officers and men yet to be heard from, and it was possible that under some impulse of State pride Wisconsin might fill its quota.

The meeting then, at 1 o'clock, took a recess for one hour.

CHAIRMAN ROWELL'S VIEWS. Prima Facie Evidence Wanting. The Bouse Not Without Rules.

Chairman Rowell of the House Committee on Elections when asked to-day to explain why it was that the majority had reversed the old order of doing things and had reported a contested e'ection before the rules govering the House were received, said: "The question of membership of a legislative body is the highest question that can be con-sidered. It comes before the rules. It is illegal and unjust to keep men out of their seats till after the disposition of such an important question as the report from the Committee on Rules. Before a legislative body proceeds to Before a legislative body proceeds to any business the question of who is entitled to seats and who shall be permitted to vote ought to be settled. With seventeen contested elections in the House, they, accompanied by 17,000 closely printed pages of testimony and 2,000 pages of attorney's briefs, any man who understands the situation cannot for an instant question the propriety of an early consideration of the membership of the House. There is not the slightest doubt that Smith, the Republican contestant in the case now Republican contestant in the case now before the House, is entitled to his seat.

"There was no prima facie evidence upon which the Governor of West Virginia could issue to Jackson, the Democrat, a certificate of election. Yet that certificate was issued; and issued by a Governor who was held over in the office he occupied twelve months be yond the term to which he was elected. The Smith-Jackson case was argued before the committee early in January, and was placed upon the calendar to be taken up in the House on the 9th of January. It did not come up till last week, more than two weeks after the time set for its disposition by the House. Considering the large number of contests before the committee, and the fact that the contest was not taken up till more than two weeks after the time when notice was given that it should be taken up, is it any wonder that we insisted finally upon the consideration of the case at the time we did? Is it any wonder that we should give this man his seat before we take up the report from the Committee on Rules when the committee is not yet ready to report, and when everybody acknowledges that the Democrats intended to enter into a prolonged deadlock over the question of the adoption of a code of rules.

"Would it have been right to have

kept this man out of the seat, which he should have taken upon the convening of Congress, till dreary weeks of dead-lock were passed in the fight over a code? I think not, and I am sure that ing a code of rules is taken up, even though the Committee on Rules is ready to report and there is to be no delay in the adoption of the code. If i has been the custom to adopt a new code before the question of membership is settled, the custom is wrong and the order should be reversed as it is at present. As a matter of fact the House is not without rules. It is proceeding under general parliamentary law which governs deliberative bodies generally in the absence of a specific code."

Epidemic of Malignant Small-Pox. ANNA, ILL., Feb. 5 .- Small-pox of malignant type has broken out in this Four of the Ford family were attacked, and one of the children died yesterday. At first it was believed the disease was chicken pox, and many of the neighbors exposed themselves by attending the sick people. Tramps are supposed to have brought the plague to this city. The Board of Health has taken the matter in hand. The infected locality has been quarantined. The State Board of Health has been notified State Board of Health has been notified and preparations have been made for a vigorous fight to prevent the spread of the disease. There is considerable ex-citement about it, and the superintend-ent of the Illinois Southern Hospital for the Insane has decided to quarantine that institution against the city.

Royal Domestic Infelicity. LONDON, Feb. 5 .- The morning pa pers are carefully inspecting advertise ments of a personal nature. Some of them printed affecting appeals to "H B." to return to his afflicted relatives promising that if he displayed a contrite disposition "all would yet be well," the notices being signed "V. R." The obvious allusion to Henry of Battenberg and his imperial mother-in-law, was too transparent to escape attention long. and the advertisements were hastily able amusement. Prince Henry, it is said, has vowed that he will never again visit Balmoral; never again wear kilts, and that he will speak to his brother Alexander in spite of all the queens in

Germania Bund Gets a Banner. The Germania Bund, No. 33, D. O. S. R., gave their third annual ball last night at Edel's Hall. The decorations of the room were elaborate and the music was excellent. During the even-ing a handsome silk banner was preing a handsome stik banner was pre-sented to the Germania Bund by Mrs. Linden. The evening was happily spent in dancing and merrymaking. It was a late hour this morning before the party left for their homes. The members of the different committees were Mr. H. Weber, chairman; Misses E. Valleger, N. Legken I. Barger I. F. Vallmer, N. Jackson, J. Bawer, J. Bender, H. Vallmer, K. Tuerig, Henry Boehnert, H. Jochum and A. J. Baur.

Butchers' Association Ball. Cosmopolitan Hall presented a pleasant scene last night at the ball given by the Butchers' Beneficial Association. The evening was spent in an enjoyable manner and dancing was continued up to a late hour. The members of the committee were Messrs, George J. Bas-sler, August Steubur, John Farler and G. W. Carls.

the captains.

General Porter had no doubt New York could furnish its quota fully equipped in less than a fortnight.

General Gleen, North Carolina, said matters of all kinds rub with Salvation Oil.

HISSES AND PRAYERS

AT THE CENTRAL BUREAU OF RE-LIEF SESSIONS.

Efforts to Solve the Ne to Problem by That Race Lead to Dissension— Continuation of the Sessions To-

The sessions of the Colored Men's Central Bureau of Relief at the Metropolitan M E. Church decreases neither in point of large attendance nor of uproarlous disorder. The session last night was opened with prayer by Rev. R. D. Wynn of New York. It has been the rule of the convention from the start that all speakers upon the floor be limited to five minutes, but the delegates to the convention all seem to have come to Washington loaded to the muzzle with speeches which they insist on delivering at every opportunity and on all occasions, appropriate or otherwise. It was found necessasy, therefore, to reiterate the rule last night and emphasize it by a motion (in which a number of men spoke more than five minutes) to limit all speeches to five minutes. GROANS AND BISSES.

Officers and members of Morton Post No 4, G. A. R., were received by the delegates standing and Commander George Graham was escorted to the platform, where he delivered an address of welcome. A motion to form a national organization prevailed, and a committee consisting of a delegate from each State was sevented. each State was appointed, with in-structions to report to night, very much to the disgust of the genial Broadaxe Smith, who violently opposed the motion. H. C. Atwood of New York attempted to read, and, it is said, in fact, did read, what may be an able paper, but the convention would not listen to it. He was interrupted from the start with cat-calls, hisses, groans, cries of "Have it printed" "Hire a hall" "Go hang yourself" etc. Mr. Atwood attempted to read the same paper yesterday afternoon but failed, being voted down and almost out, but was promised time to read it in the evening. Last night he was determined to hold the fort, and he did. The paper was called "The Negro Problem; or, is it a Problem?" Its delivery was a fine exhibition of jaw wagging, leg-spraddling and arm, swinging.

EN-SENATOR BRUCE TALKS. Rev. J. Andrew Chambers of North Rev. J. Andrew Chambers of North Carolina read a prayer, worded con-siderably like a political argu-ment, but eloquent withal. Ex-Senator Bruce responded to calls and delivered a short speech. In con-clusion he said: "We feel proud of what we have done for ourselves and proud of what has been done for us."
At the conclusion of these remarks at 11 o'clock the session adjourned to meet to-day at the usual time and place. TO DAY'S SESSION.

The proceedings of the Central Bureau of Relief to-day were as stormy as those last evening. A financial committee was appointed, and Chairman Price of North Carolina installed, instead of ex-Governor Pinchback, with whom there was some dissatisfaction. Mr. Pinchback made a speech in vindication of himself, and a resolution heartly indorsing him was adopted by

Hop of the Cameo Club. The third hop of the Cameo Club was given last night at the National Rifles' Armory. The room was hand-somely decorated. The Nanon, Violet, Columbia Ideals and Crescent pleasure clubs attended in a body, and added much to the pleasure of the evening. The floor director was Mr. William Greenwell, and the members of the sev-

eral committees were: Messre. R. L. Greenwell, D. E. Hardester, W. G. Betts, C. T. Bradley, R. A.
Edelin, F. B. Kennedy, W. W. H. Boswell,
W. G. Crawford, Daniel S. Huges, J. F.
Coleman, H. P. Cook, C. F. Winkelman,
H. G. Bayly, W. F. Hinkel, E. F. Winkelman, M. McQuady, William F. Lacey, J.
X. Newyahr and J. M. Ober. The members of the Nanon Social

Club present were:

Mr. and Mrs. Shober, Dr. Epply, Dr. Hodges, Misses Delyle, Kirby, Osborne, Glover, Norris, Edmonson, Watters, Cowling, Steele, Sheet, Leitz, Marshel, Kilpatrick, Hodges, Tretter, Nelson, Messrs. Seville, Brady, Farwell, Aukward, Royster, Edes and Smith. Of the Cresent Club: Messrs. Beny, McCauley, McLeany, Alexander, Dayton, McCormac, Independent Pleasure Club: W. E. Calhuny, A. E. Colburn, A. Lake, H. E. Lake and H. S. Lucas. The guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Short, Mr. and Mrs. George Winkelman, Mrs. Captain James Coleman and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Ober, Mr. and Mrs. W. Jeffries, Mrs. Crawford and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. James Frank, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Winkelman, the Misses Sophle and Kate Holmes, Jehnue Hess, Agnes Leouard, Lizzie Hessler, Maud Murray, Maggie O'Donvell, Alice Malone, Maud Willoughby, Lily Bradley, Lula Belle, Miss Phelps, Miss McKnight, Miss Allen, Ida Edelin, Alice Selby, Rosa Mead, Miss Clara Taff, Miss Nannie Calian, Misses Clara Holtzman, Aggie McCauley, Crawford, James, Frank, Mary Hart, Katie Hart, Agnes Connor, Boyle, Hoffman, N. Bunside, Hollan, Gordon, Allmar, Leonard, Wentzell, Keating, Caton, Haynea, Blumer, Rusher, Brawner, Prospell and E. B. Fletcher. Club present were:

Grace Church Concert. Every seat was taken at the grand oncert given for the benefit of Grace P. E. Church at Grand Army Hall last night. The programme was an excel-lent one, and the efforts of the several performers met with exceedingly hearty receptions from an audience that was in sympathy with the programme. The entertainment opened with a piano duet by Misses Augusta Springsguth and Julia Meadel, a soprano solo by Mrs. W. H. Daw, recitation by Mrs. Genevra E. Masson, baritone solo by Genevra E. Masson, baritone solo by Mr. George Terry, harp solo, Miss Anita Clusa; soprano solo, Miss Carrie Cook; piano solo, Miss Frederica Kant; soprano solo, Miss Annie Craig; male quartette, Messrs. Pierson, Harmer, Smith and Terry; piano solo, Miss Julia Meadel; baritone solo, Mr. Frank P. Rieside; soprano solo, Miss Katte Walters; bass solo, Will H. Harmer; soprano solo, Miss Mamie Quigley. The entertainment concluded with a laughable comedietta, entitled "A Cup of Tea."

Berengaria, the Lovely Consort of Richard, the Lion-Hearted, brought from the court of Cyprus the exquisite Oriental Perfume, which ATKINSON has again made ashionable, the Extract of Chypre.

Purchase of Valuable Documents. In a letter sent to the Senate, Secretary Blaine has recommended that Congress ap-propriate \$15,000 for the purchase of 10,000 pages of valuable historical manuscript, caused by Mr. B. F. Stevens of London to caused by Mr. B. F. Stevens of London to be transcribed from important documents in the archives of European governments bearing upon the revolutionary war. The Secretary of State says that American scholars have frequently applied to the Department, hoping to obtain through its good offices copies of certain of those papers. At one time the Department thought it might possibly secure copies of those documents through our Ministers abroad, but it was found that the clerical force at the various legations was inadequate for the work.

All marriage and death notices published in The Chiric free.

TRIAL OF THE SHOP-LIFTERS. Kate Friday and Sarah Lewess in Court.

When the Criminal Court convened when the Criminal Court convened this morning the February jury, which was left uncompleted yesterday afternoon, was filled up by the addition of George A. Johnson, W. C. Dawson, J. A. Van Dorn, H. O. Toll, W. G. Fletcher, Francis Wellman, G. R. Rich, H. W. Tucker, John H. Davis, A. F. Barker, Charles Baum, Herman Berkhart, George Bote, A. B. Adams and J. A. Ritty. and J. A. Ritty.

The case of the shoplifters, Kate Fri-

The case of the shoplifters, Kate Friday and Sarah Lewess, was taken up and proceeded with. The affecting hugging and klasing scene which was gone through yesterday was dispensed with greatly to the disappointment of the large number of curious people who had gathered in the court-room in an

Lilly Friday, the 13-year-old daugh-ter of Kate Friday, occupied a seat in close proximity to her mother, and there was more or less hand squeezing and other evidences of affection. The

and other evidences of affection. The young girl, overcome by the oppressive air in the court-room, made a close effort at fainting, and a paim-leaf fau and a glass of water had to be called into service.

Considerable time was taken up in procuring a panel for the trial of the case. Beyond the peremptory challenges exercised yesterday, Mr. Campbell Carrington, attorney for the defense, stated that they would claim ten peremptory challenges on each count, or thirty in all, and under this rule the Government would be entitled to three on each count, or, nine in all. Precedents established in the Criminal Court, however, have given the defense ten

dents established in the Criminal Court, however, have given the defense ten challenges and the Government three. Many jurors summoned were prominent business men on Pennsylvania avenue, and some were challenged for cause by the defendant's counsel, as they admitted having formed opinions and manifested indications of sympathy for their fellow tradesmen.

When Mr. Carrington had exhausted eight peremptory challenges he asked

eight peremptory challenges he asked the Court to rule as to whether he would be entitled to the challenges for would be entitled to the challenges for each felony or count in the indictment under which his clients were being tried. District Attorney Lipscomb maintained that but ten peremptory challenges in all should be granted, and cited rulings in support of his position.

Judge Bingham concurred in the opinion held by Mr. Lipscomb, and virtually ruled that the defence would be entitled to only ten presunform. be entitled to only ten peremptory challenges, and the defence three. When these privileges had been exhausted by the defence and only one exercised by the prosecution, the following jury was sworn for the trial of the case: James O. Marcerow, W. F. Pre-well. Maurice B. Flynn, John F. Green, Emery J. Burt, F. W. Kahlcot, Charles Altman, George Bock, Walter Tucker, Abram F. Barker, Herman Burkhart and J. Bradley Adams.

Western Maryland Railroad. A meeting of the incorporators of the Western Maryland Railroad Company was held yesterday afternoon in the offices of Herr & Walsh, in the Sun building. All the stock has been subbuilding. All the stock has been sub-scribed for, and the prospects of a suc-cessful carrying out of the enterprise are excellent. It is believed that the laying of rails between this city and Great Falls will be commenced at an early date. Among those present at the meeting were George T. Dunlop, Austin Herr, Arthur Cropley, Colonel L. Victor Baughman of Frederick, Md.; Spencer Watkins of Montgomery County and Stilson Hutchins. It was decided to call a general meeting of the decided to call a general meeting of the stockholders on Tuesday next.

THAT TERRIBLE "GRIPPE."

What It Reall is Explained by One. of the Best Informed Men in Amer-The president of one of the leading New

the writer the other evening, said:

"La Grippe," the Russian influenza, that has caused so much talk, is a more severe affliction than people usually think. It arises mysteriously, and appears to have its origin in the atmosphere. The last time it visited America was in 1803, and it came visited America was in 1803, and it came then, as now, from Asia. The name influenza, comes from the suggestion that the malady was due to the influences of the heavenly bodies, but more modern science has discovered that it is due to the changes in the electrical conditions. Whatever may be the cause, it is a strong congestion of the blood vessels and mucous membrane, principally in the head and throat, and nothing but strong stimulents will check this congestion and keep the blood actively circulating. For this purpose I know of nothing better than pure whiskey, and I believe Duffy's Pure Malt to be the best and purest whiskey known to the world.

world.

"Formerly this influenza was said to precede an epidemic of the plague, and the person who was about to be taken with the latter, had as a preliminary, a fit of sneezing. Now it precedes a worse epidemic than the plague, namely, the terrible pneumonia. Its beginning is slight, but its ending is often terrible. Pains in the limbs, back, chest and head; a sore throat and a lack of appetite; copious discharge at the nose; these are some of the symptoms of this dread disease. Upon the slightest approach of any of these symptoms, a nervous feeling, or lassitude, resort should be had to a pure whiskey, which is the only certain means of breaking up this epidemic before it secures a hold upon the system or check it when it has become started. Care should be taken, however, to secure only that which is pure, as the article above named certainly is."

Lyon City Under a Snow-Slide.

Lyon City Under a Snow-Slide. NEW YORK, Feb. 5 .- A special to the World from Heclamont says: Lyon City, a mining camp, which lies at the base of Lyon Mountain, was completely buried by a snow-slide Sunday morning. Two miners were killed and a large amount of property destroyed. The slide was three-quarters of a mile wide.

\$500 REWARD OFFERED by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy for an incurable case.

BRIGGS' -FOR-SICK HEADACHE

Nervous, Bilious or Congestive Forms.

L. R. BROWN, M. D., 23 West Jorsey st., ELIZABETH, N.J., June 28, 1889.
This is to certify that I have used for some months with much satisfaction, the combina-tion of remedies, for Headache, known as Briggs' Headache Truckes. The remedy cures more headaches, especially such as af-fect Nervous Women, than anything I am acquainted with, and it this certificate will he the means of bringing it to the favorable attention of sufferers from that trouble, I shall feel that I have done them a service.

PRICE, 25 CENTS. Sold by all Druggists or sent by Mail on Re celpt of Price.

BRIGGS' MEDICINE CO.,

THAT

DOES.

1--It Publishes All the News

2-- It Favors the Best Interests of Washington.

for 2 Cents.

3--It Declines to be Bought or Bulldozed Into Jobbery.

4--It Expresses

5--It Criticises Men and Measures Without Fear or

6-- It Courts Criticism of Itself

7--It Fearlessly Supports Truth and Justice.

8--It Gives Everybody a Chance to Growl.

9-It Publishes MARRIAGE DEATH NOTICES

10-It Awaits Your Subscription

35 Cents a Month.

AMUSEMENTA

A LEAUGH'S GRAND OFERA BOUSE ONLY MATINES SATURDAY.

MISS MARY MOORE LONDON CRITERION COMPANY. Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings The New Three Act Comedy, THE CANDIDATE.

By Justin McCarthy, M. P., and A PRETTY PIECE OF BUSINESS.

PRESTY PIECE OF BUSINESS.

Friday Evening and
Saturday Matines.
DAVID GABRIGK.
Preceded by the Equisite Parce,
A ROUSEBOAD PAIRY.
REGULAR PRICES.
Next week—J. K. EMMET in UNILE JOE. CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

The STODDARD LECTURES. TO NIGHT AT 8 O'CLOCK. THE RHINE Charming Scenes Artistically Illustrated.
Admission, Doc; reserved seats, 15c., at J.
F. Ellis & Co. s., 337 Fa. avo.
Feb. 8, 11, FIRST NAPOLEON LECTURE;
Feb. 12, 14, SECOND NAPOLEON LECTURE;
Feb. 15, 17, BERLIN IN 1889; Feb. 26, 19,
SWITZERLAND.
BURDITT & NORTH. Managers

N EW NATIONAL THEATRE.
Every evening, Wed, and Sat. Matinee. One Week, Beginning Monday, February 3, HOYT'S

Great Character Study,

A BRASS MONKEY. A Satire on Superstition, as Presented 156 Times at the Bijou Theatre, New York.

NEW SONGS! NEW SAYINS! Next week-NAT. C GOODWIN in A GOLD

The Young California Actor, GEORGE C. STALEY, In His Unrivaled Success. A ROYAL PASS.
A Strong Cast. Magnificent Costumes.

Hear the sweet sengs of the Tyroi.

Mr. Staley carries his own scenery and properties complete for this production. Next week-MY PARTNER. K ERNAN'S NEW WASHINGTON THEATRE, 11th st., south of Penna, ave.
Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

HYDE'S STAR SPECIALTY COMPANY From Byde & Behman's Brooklyn Theatre. A Picture of Southern Life, "Way Down MISS HELENE MORA, the Female Baritone. GLOBE THEATRE-PA. AVE. NEAR 11TH st.-Monday, February 3, and during the week,

OUR COLOSSAL AGGREGATION OF STARS. Matinees Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday. Admission at night, 10, 20, 30 and 50c. Matinees, 10, 20 and 30c.

SPECIAL NOTICES. WANT TO ANNOUNCE TO THE readers of the Critic that I am ready

THE WASHINGTON LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.

Temporary offices, No. 1001 F st. n. w. Loans money on collateral and real estate. Pays interest on deposits. Has for sale secured investments. Capital. \$1,000,000. Call and see or write to us. B. H. WARNER, President; JNO. JOY EDBON, Vice-President; W. B. ROBINSON, Scoretary; W. B. GURLEY, Acting Treasurer.

THE COLUMBIA NATIONAL BANK. 911 F st. n. w., Washington, D. C. A General Banking Business Transacted. Capital, \$250,000.

B. H. WARNER, President. A. T. BRITTON, Vice-President E. S. PARKER, Cashier DR. WHITE, CHIROPODIST

1616 Penna ave., opposite Willard's Hotel. Thousands from far and near visit Dr. White for relief from and avoidance of corns, bun-ions, diseased nails and all other foot troubles. Hours, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.; Sun-days, 9 to 12. Established 1861. Fee. 51. LADIES! LADIES! LADIES!

Mrs. McCafferty is the only hat and bonnet frame manufacturer in the dity. Call and see her new shapes. Bleaching and pressing. Straw and felt bats altered to the latest styles. Orders promptly attended to 1009 G street n. w.

ELECTRICITY.— 15 YEARS A SPEN chalty in curing nervous and mental disease, spinal, ovarian and uterine troubles, paralysis, tumors, sciatica, hysteria, rheumalism, neuralgia, chorea, etc. Hairs removed. Strictures oured. Static electricity through clothing. Dr. L. S. NICHOLSON, 664 Twelfth st. n. w.

WASHINGTON ILLUMINATED AD-VERTISING CO. Office, 1812 Pa. ave., upstairs. Advertisements Displayed by 4,000 Candle Power Electric Light upon 600 Equare Fect of Canvas. jan27,1w,das FOR YOUR FULL DRESS SUPPLIES GO TO P. T. HALL, 998 F street northwest, Special Bargain, our \$1.25 Full-Bress Shirt. Shirts to Measure a Specialty.

1415 F street. Member of Washington

and securities bought and sold. HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

Stock Exchange. All local stocks

"THE BERRET."

Permanent and transient guests. fes.d.tf WILLARD HOTEL WASHINGTON, D. C. O. G. STAPLES, late of Thousand Isl. House,

1405 H STREET NORTHWEST.

WASHINGTON, D. C

Army and Navy Headquarters. Four Iron Fire Escapes. TERMS-\$3.00 and \$4.00 Fer Day.

BUROPEAN FLAN SIXTH STREET AND PENNA. AVE .. THE NORMANDIE.

Corner 15th and I streets northwest, Opposite McPherson Square, H. M. CARE, Proprietor

UNDERTAKERS. (Successor to Henry Lee's Souss, -UNDERTAKER-832 PENN. AVENUE N. W., South Side. Branch office, 498 Maryland ave, s w

JOHN E. BEALL,

Commissioner of Deeds for Every State and Territory, NOTARY AND U. S. COMMISSIONER. Office Hours, 9 to 5. 1321 F Street N. W. Telepho Telephone No. 341-4.